Physics	10 Midterm	exam 2 Part I	B – Essay	Questions
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April 24, 2003

Last name	First
nameSID_	

Essay questions (20 pts): pick **one** and only one to answer. Write a page or two (or whatever is appropriate) on this sheet. Cover the important points in a clear and concise manner – as if you have only a few minutes to tell the President (or your roommate) what he needs to know. Clear, effective writing is important.

- 1. When most people hear about "waves" they think of water waves. But in physics there are many other kinds of waves. What properties do all waves have in common? List other kinds of waves that have been presented in this course. For each kind of wave, describe its particular properties.
- 2. Humans may be disturbing the atmosphere in a way that will be detrimental to future life. Discuss this subject. Be as specific as possible. Describe not only the facts, but also the points that many people misunderstand.

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Short questions (1 point each 20 points to	otal). Read the questions carefully so that you
don't misinterpret them (e.g. by missing a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1. The wavelength of visible light is	
closest to:	7. A light year is approximately
() 1 mm	$()$ 3 x 10^7 seconds
() 10 ⁻⁸ om	() 3 x 10' meters
() 1 micron () 10 ⁻⁸ cm () 10 ⁻¹³ cm	() 3×10^7 seconds () 3×10^7 meters () 10^{16} seconds () 10^{16} meters
() 10 0111	() Io meets
2. Infrared radiation can (check all that	8. A particle really does travel at the
apply):	speed of light. (Be careful; only
() cause cancer	one answer is correct.) We
() cause sunburn	conclude:
() help snakes locate prey	() its energy is infinite
() create ozone	() it violates Special Relativity
2.771 1 6 1 111 11 4	() its energy is zero
3. The colors of a soap bubble indicate	() its rest mass is zero
() light is a wave	
() light is a particle	9. For the last million years, the climate
() light travels factor in soap	has been generally:
() light travels faster in soap	() cold, with brief warm periods() warm, with brief cold periods
4. "Red eye" demonstrates	() about half warm and half cold
() light is a wave	() not known, although we hope
() air absorbs blue more than red	to find out soon.
() camera film is sensitive to red	to find out soon.
() the eye is a retroreflector	10. A nuclear reactor cannot turn into an
() the eye is a retrorementor	atomic bomb because:
5. Sound tends to bend towards	() It contains control rods
() colder air	() It requires slow neutrons
() warmer air	() Emergency systems will stop it
() denser air	() It is primarily U-235
() less dense air	1 2
	11. Diamonds are pretty because in them
6. Thunderheads stop rising when they	() light travels very slowly
reach	() light travels very fast
() the carbon-dioxide layer	() there is color dependent
() colder air above them	absorption
() the ozone layer	() light velocity depends on color
() the top of the atmosphere	

	17. Fiber optics are used instead of radio
12. A successful fisherman will throw the	for communication because:
spear	() light travels faster
() above the fish image	() light has more power
() below the fish image	() light is cheaper
() right at the fish image	() light has a higher frequency
() it depends on how close the	() fight has a higher frequency
fish is	18. We know the Earth has a liquid core
	because:
13. Most of the light emitted by an	() P waves bounce off it
incandescent bulb is	() S waves won't travel there
() infrared	() L waves do travel there
() red	() seismic waves go slower
() green	
() ultraviolet	19. Beats show that sound
	() velocity depends on frequency
14. The advertising slogan "Whiter than	() is a wave
white" means that the material:	() is longitudinal
() absorbs IR	() is transverse
() emits UV	
() emits IR	20. Multispectral cameras are useful
() emits visible light	because:
	() They can detect UV and X-rays
15. If you double the absolute	() They can distinguish colors in
temperature, the total radiation	the visible range that the
() is reduced to half	eye cannot
() doubles	() They can make more accurate
() increases by 4	measurements of Red,
() increases by 16	Green, and Blue
•	() They detect Cyan, Magenta,
16. Dew forms when the ground cools	and Yellow instead of
() by emitting UV	Red, Green, and Blue
() by emitting IR	
() by emitting visible	
() by conduction downwards	
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